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Distribution device of a telecommunications system

The invention relates to a distribution device of a telecommunications system according to the precharacterizing clause of claim 1.

Distribution devices of the above type are sufficiently known from the prior art. For example, DE 199 12 522 C2 shows a distribution device of a telecommunications system of this type. The distribution device disclosed there is a so-called distribution block, in which a number of distribution strips are arranged one above the other in a sandwich-like manner. Each distribution strip, also known as a contact strip, comprises a 15 number of distribution elements, also known as contact elements. According to the prior art, when considering the contact elements, a distinction is made between so-called disconnection elements and so-called switching depending elements, on whether contact springs of the contact elements lie against one another 20 or are disconnected from one another.

When the term distribution devices is used below, it is intended for the purposes of the invention that this can mean both a distribution block and a distribution It is also possible for the purposes of the invention for a number of distribution blocks to be interconnected and form a distribution device.

30 According to the prior art, distribution strips with differently configured contact elements are used for constructing distribution blocks. According to the prior art, the contact elements cannot be modified with respect to their configuration. Therefore, according

to the prior art, for special applications it is necessary to provide different distribution strips. Furthermore, the flexibility of such distribution strips and distribution blocks made up of them is low.

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Against this background, the present invention is based on the problem of providing a novel distribution device of a telecommunications system.

10 This problem is solved by a distribution device with the features of claim 1.

Preferred developments of the invention are provided by the subclaims and the description which follows.

- 15 Exemplary embodiments are explained in more detail on the basis of the drawing, in which:
 - Figure 1 shows a distribution device of a telecommunications system according to the prior art in a perspective side view,
 - Figure 2 shows a contact element according to the prior art for the distribution device of Figure 1 in a schematized representation,
- Figure 3 shows a further contact element according to
 the prior art for the distribution device of
 Figure 1 in a schematized representation,
 - Figure 4 shows a further contact element according to the prior art for the distribution device of Figure 1 in a schematized representation,
- 30 Figure 5 shows a further contact element according to the prior art for the distribution device of Figure 1 in a schematized representation,
 - Figure 6 shows a first contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,
 - Figure 7 shows a second contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,

- Figure 8 shows a third contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,
- Figure 9 shows a fourth contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,

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- Figure 10 shows a fifth contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,
- 10 Figure 11 shows a sixth contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,
 - Figure 12 shows a seventh contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,
 - Figure 13 shows an eighth contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,
- Figure 14 shows a ninth contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,
 - Figure 15 shows a further contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,
- 25 Figure 16 shows a further contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,
 - Figure 17 shows a further contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention,
 - Figure 18 shows a further contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention, and
- Figure 19 shows a further contact element for a distribution device of a telecommunications system as provided by the invention.

Figure 1 shows a distribution block 20 according to the prior art. The distribution block 20 shown there has

a carrier part 21, with plate-like wire guides 22 and distribution strips 23, which are also referred to as contact strips, being arranged in the carrier part 21 one above the other in a sandwich-like manner. carrier part 21 is also referred to as a receiving The wire guides 22 have arcuately curved wire guiding channels 24, in which incoming and outgoing lines can be quided. The distribution strips 23 are provided on one side with insulation piercing 10 connecting devices 25, in the clamping slots of which the incoming and outgoing lines can be pressed in with the aid of a tool to make contact. Each distribution strip 23 is formed by a number of contact elements 26, the insulation piercing connecting devices 25 acting on 15 the contact elements 26. In the interior, the contact elements 26 bear contact springs. Depending on whether the contact springs of the contact elements 26 against one another or are disconnected from another, the contact elements are referred to 20 disconnection elements or switching elements. In particular whenever the distribution block 20 is formed by distribution strips 23 with their contact elements 26 formed as disconnection elements, a disconnector 27 be pushed in from the front side of the 25 distribution block 20 to allow the disconnection elements to be interrupted if need be. Figure 1 also shows a protection magazine 28, which can be pushed into the carrier part 21 from the side. It can also be pushed into the carrier part from the rear. According 30 to the prior art, each distribution strip preferably assigned a protection magazine 28, in order to protect the contact elements 26 of the distribution strip 23 and/or from overcurrent overvoltage. Similarly, Figure 1 shows a cable connector 29, which can likewise be pushed into the carrier part 21 of the 35 distribution block 20 from the side. If need be, a cable connector of 29 this type, on which prefabricated cable 30 acts, can be assigned to each of the distribution strips 23 in order to connect the

contact elements 26 of the corresponding distribution strip 23 for example to a distribution strip of another distribution block.

already mentioned, the distribution according to the prior art are made up of preferably ten contact elements 26. distribution strips 23 formed by four or five contact elements 26 may also be used. According to the prior 10 the contact elements 26 are preconfigured components which cannot be modified with regard to their configuration.

Figures 2 to 5 show a total of four contact elements 15 31, 32, 33 and 34 according to the prior art. contact element 31 according to Figure 2 has two contact springs 34 and 35, which touch each other. contact element 31 accordingly comprises disconnection element. The contact element 32 20 Figure 3 also comprises a disconnection element, the contact springs 35, 36 of which touch each other. As a difference from Figure 2, however, in the case of the contact element 32 of Figure 3 the contact spring 35 is assigned a so-called 3-point protective contact, 25 order that, if need be, a protective element of the protection magazine 28 acting as an overvoltage protection can be connected to the contact element 32.

Figure 4 shows a contact element 33, the contact 30 springs 35 and 36 of which do not touch each other. The contact element 33 represented there comprises a switching element. The contact springs 35 and 36 of the contact element 33 are assigned so-called 5-point protective contacts 38 and 39. The contact element 33 35 of Figure 4 comprises open 5-point protective contacts 38, 39, which do not touch each other and form a so-called forced protection. In the case of exemplary embodiment of Figure 5, on the other hand, the 5-point protective contacts 38, 39 of the contact

element 34 touch one another. The contact element 34 of Figure 5 therefore comprises a disconnection element. If need be, a 5-point protective element of the protection magazine 28 acting as overvoltage protection and overcurrent protection can be connected to the respective contact element by means of the 5-point protective contacts 38 and 39.

The contact elements 31, 32, 33 and 34 according to the 10 prior art that are represented in Figures 2 to 5 comprise preconfigured contact elements. This means these contact elements are formed either switching elements or as disconnection elements. Furthermore, they are preconfigured either with a 15 3-point protective contact or with 5-point protective contacts. To cater for the respective application, it is therefore necessary to keep different distribution strips available, made up of contact elements of this Furthermore, distribution strips formed from 20 contact elements of this type cannot be reconfigured.

To obviate the above disadvantages of the prior art, the invention proposes a distribution device for a telecommunications system with contact elements of a modular structure. The configuration of the respective contact element can be modified by modifying the modular structure of the contact elements. This is represented in Figures 6 to 19.

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For instance, Figure 6 shows a contact element 40 which comprises three contact springs 41, 42, 43. The two lower contact springs 42, 43 of the contact element 40 form a functional unit and lie against one another. However, the two contact springs 42, 43 do not touch the upper contact spring 41. The contact element 40 according to Figure 6 accordingly forms a so-called switching element. The contact element 40 of Figure 6 also forms a basic element 44 for the purposes of the

invention. It has inputs 45, to connect incoming or outgoing lines, and also outputs 46, to allow further modules, so-called supplementary modules, to be connected to the basic module 44.

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In the case of the contact element 47 represented in Figure 7, a supplementary module 48 is connected to the basic module 44. The supplementary module 48 comprises a short-circuit module. Therefore, a first conductor element 49 of the supplementary module 48 acts on the contact spring 41 and a second conductor element 50 of the supplementary module 48 acts on the contact spring The two conductor elements 49, 50 are shortcircuited by means of a conductor element 51. aid of the supplementary module 48, the basic module 44 formed or configured as a switching element accordingly be reconfigured into a disconnection element.

20 As Figure 7 further reveals, the supplementary module also has inputs 45a and outputs 46a. supplementary module 48 can be connected via the inputs 45a to the outputs 46 of the basic module 44. Further supplementary modules can be connected to the 25 supplementary module 48 via its outputs 46a.

Figure 8 shows a contact element 52, comprising the basic module 44 with the first supplementary module 48 added on and comprising a second supplementary module 30 The second supplementary module 53 is connected by 53. its inputs 45a to the outputs 46a of the supplementary module 48. The supplementary module 53 is formed as a cable module. With the aid of the second supplementary module 53 formed as a 35 module, the disconnection element formed by the basic module 44 and the first supplementary module 48 can be connected to another contact element (not represented). For this purpose, a cable 55 or a terminal is connected to a conductor element 54 of the supplementary module

It is accordingly possible with the aid of the invention not only to reconfigure the contact element 40 formed as a switching element into a contact element 47 formed as a disconnection element but rather it is also possible as a result of the modular structure according to the invention to integrate into a contact element 52 the function of the cable connector 29, which according to the prior art is formed as a separate subassembly. This also significantly increases the flexibility of the distribution device according to the invention and at the same time reduces the installation time for the installation engineer.

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The conductor elements 49, 50, 51 and 54 of 15 supplementary modules may be formed as conductor tracks, electrical conductors in the form of wires or metal sheets or else as contact springs. The actual configuration of the conductor elements 49, 50, 51 and 54 is at the discretion of the person skilled in the 20 art.

Figure 9 shows a contact element 56, in the case of which a third supplementary module 57 is arranged between the basic module 44 and the first supplementary module 48. The third supplementary module 57 connected via its inputs 45a to the outputs 46 of the basic module 44 and via its outputs 46a to the inputs 45a of the first supplementary module 48. The third supplementary module 57 is formed as so-called overvoltage protection module. It accordingly protects the disconnection element formed by means of the basic module 44 and the first supplementary module 48 from overvoltages acting on it. In this way, a 3-point protection can be integrated into the contact element According to the prior art, a separately formed protection magazine was required for this.

In the same way, a 2-point protection can be integrated into a disconnection element formed by the basic module

44 and the first supplementary module 48. For this purpose, a supplementary module 58 configured as an overcurrent protection module is arranged between the basic module 44 and the first supplementary module 48. In this way, a contact element 59 as represented in Figure 10 is created.

Figure 11 shows a contact element 60, in the case of which both the supplementary module 57, formed as an overvoltage protection module, and the supplementary module 58, formed as an overcurrent protection module, are connected between the basic module 44 and the first supplementary module 48. The contact element 60 of Figure 11 accordingly comprises a disconnection element in which there is integrated a combined overvoltage protection and overcurrent protection, and consequently a so-called 5-point protection.

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In the case of the contact element 61 of Figure 12, a 20 further supplementary modules total of three positioned between the basic module 44 and the first supplementary together module 48, which element. disconnection The further supplementary modules concerned here are the supplementary module 58, 25 formed as an overcurrent protection module, supplementary module 57, formed as an overvoltage protection module, and the supplementary module 53, formed as a cable module. In this way, the basic module 44 can accordingly be reconfigured in such a way 30 that the basic module 44 formed as a switching element can be turned into a disconnection element formed as a disconnection element with integrated 5-point protection and also an integrated cable connector.

35 Figure 13 shows contact element a 62. constructed in principle in the same way as the contact element 60 of Figure addition 11. In supplementary module 57, formed as an overvoltage protection module, and the supplementary module

formed as an overcurrent protection module, there is, however, a further supplementary module 63 arranged between the basic module 44 and the first supplementary module 48. The further supplementary module 63 is formed in the same way as the supplementary module 57 as an overvoltage protection module. With the aid of the supplementary module 57, basic protection against overvoltages is ensured. The further supplementary module 63, on the other hand, allows sophisticated protection against overvoltages.

Figure 14 shows a contact element 64, comprising the basic module 44 and a further supplementary module 65, which is formed as a so-called short-circuit module or 15 bridging module and acts on the inputs 45 of the basic module 44. With the aid of the supplementary module 65, formed as a short-circuit module, a reconfiguration or conversion of the contact element 64 is possible without interruption on the subscriber side of the 20 contact element. The supplementary module 65, formed short-circuit module or bridging module, accordingly has terminal contacts, which act in the inputs 45 of the basic module 44.

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25 Figure 15 shows the contact element 47, formed by the basic module 44 and the first supplementary module 48 and acting as a disconnection element, with a testing unit 66 pushed into the basic module 44. The testing unit 66 presses with a connector 67 between the two 30 contact springs 42, 43 of the basic module 44. In this way, test signals can be introduced into the contact element 47 or measuring signals can be extracted from it by means of conductor tracks running along connector 67. In the same way, a protection module can 35 be pushed into the basic module 44 instead of testing unit 66.

Figure 16 shows the contact element 47 according to Figure 7 with a disconnector 68. The disconnector 68

may be formed in the way known from the prior art. It is therefore possible, if need be, to disconnect the contact springs 42, 43 of the basic module 44 and decouple a subscriber from a telecommunications system.

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Figure 17 shows a contact element 69, comprising the basic module 44 and a further supplementary module 70, which is connected to the basic module 44 and is formed here as a so-called xDSL splitter. It is accordingly possible by selection of the widest varietv supplementary modules to adapt or reconfigure contact subsequently and flexibly elements for different provided by the invention. intended uses as supplementary module 70, formed as an xDSL splitter, also acts via inputs 45a on the outputs 46 of the basic module 44, it being possible for further supplementary modules to be connected to outputs 46a of the supplementary module 70.

- 20 At this stage it should be pointed out that, when studying the present invention, it is self-evident to the person skilled in the art referred to here that the supplementary modules shown in Figures 6 to 17 can, if appropriate, also be combined to form а new supplementary module. For instance, Figure 18 shows a 25 contact element 71 in the case of which a supplementary module 72 is connected to the basic module 44 according to Figure. The supplementary module 72 according to Figure 18 combines the functions of the supplementary 30 modules 57 and 58 according to Figures 9 and 10. accordingly supplementary module 72 comprises combined overvoltage protection and overcurrent protection.
- Figure 19 shows a contact element 73 which is formed by the basic module 44 and a supplementary module 74, the supplementary module 74 combining the functions of the supplementary modules 48 and 53 of Figure 8 with one another.

invention accordingly proposes a distribution device of a telecommunications system with contact elements of a modular structure, it being possible for modular structure to be determined by module and various supplementary modules. possible by the selection of the various supplementary modules to reconfigure a contact element freely for a desired intended use. In addition, functions of 10 cable connector and a protection magazine can integrated into the contact element. Further functions can also be integrated into a contact element. Figures 6 to 19 reveal, the basic module respective supplementary modules are connected series with one another and accordingly combined with 15 one another in series connection. Subsequent conversion of a distribution device constructed in such a way is accordingly possible readily and with little It is also possible to choose whether effort. 20 distribution device is prefabricated by the manufacturer for a specific application or whether the customer himself performs necessary modifications on the distribution device.

25 The connection of the basic module 44 to the or each supplementary module 48, 53, 57, 58, 63, 65, 70, 72 and 74 takes place via the inputs 45, 45a and outputs 46, 46a of the basic module and the supplementary module. The connection between the outputs 46 and inputs 45a 30 and between the outputs 46a and inputs 45a preferably takes place by means of plug-in connections. connections can be established in a simple manner by plugging in and broken in a simple manner by pulling This allows the or each plug-in connection to be 35 configured using the PC connector technique, board-toboard connector technique or RS232 connector technique. The grounding terminal provided by the RS232 connector technique can be used here for shielding purposes. selection of a suitable plug-in connection

suitable connector is at the discretion of the person skilled in the art referred to here.

List of designations

20	distribution block	48	supplementary module
21	carrier part	49	conductor element
22	wire guide	50	conductor element
23	distribution strip	51	conductor element
24	wire guiding channel	52	contact element
25	insulation piercing	53	supplementary module
	connecting devices	54	conductor element
26	contact element	55	cable
27	disconnector	56	contact element
28	protection magazine	57	supplementary module
29	cable connector	58	supplementary module
30	cable	59	contact element
31	contact element	60	contact element
32	contact element	61	contact element
33	contact element	62	contact element
34	contact element	63	supplementary module
35	contact spring	64	contact element
36	contact spring	65	supplementary module
37	3-point protective	66	testing unit
	contact	67	connector
38	5-point protective	68	disconnector
	contact	69 ·	contact element
39	5-point protective	70	supplementary module
	contact	71	contact element
40	contact element	72	supplementary module
41	contact spring	73	contact element
42	contact spring	74	supplementary module
43	contact spring		
44	basic module		
45,45a	input		
46,46a	output		
47	contact element		